

BE SURE TO HAVE

YOUR FINANCIAL **DUCKS IN A ROW** Estate planning is the process of preparing for the management and distribution of your

assets after your death or in the event that you become incapacitated Your goal is to This planning includes the bequest of assets ensure that your to your heirs and the financial and

along with other considerations like the quardianship of minor children and your pets.

settlement of estate

taxes and debts,

handled according to your wishes while minimizing taxes, legal fees and potential conflicts among your beneficiaries. Use this simple ESTATE

personal affairs are

CHECKLIST to help you get started



DEBTS

Make a list of all your assets Be sure to include any physical assets like real estate and

and annuities. Make a list of all your debts This list should include everything

sentimental items, along with any

bank accounts, insurance policies

Make copies of your lists

beneficiary.

and annuities

information is accurate.

you owe, including any loans.

Review your retirement accounts

If you have multiple beneficiaries,

it helps to make a copy for each

accounts with a beneficiary pass directly to them. Review your insurance

This is important, especially for accounts that have beneficiaries attached to them. Remember, any

or transfer on death designations Joint accounts, like chequing and savings accounts, don't have to go through the

Set up joint accounts

probate process as long as there is a right of survivorship. This means the account

moves directly from the deceased to

the surviving owner. A transfer on death (TOD) designation allows you to name an individual who can take over the account

Make sure your beneficiary information

is up to date and all of your other

after you die without probate. Choose your estate executor This individual is responsible for taking care of your financial matters after your death. Your spouse may not be the right person, as

Write your will

they may not be in the right

emotional space to take

over your finances.

about how your property and custody of your minor children (if any) should be WIL handled after your death. Wills don't just unravel any financial uncertainty—they can also lay out plans for your minor children and pets, and you can instruct your estate to make charitable donations with

Review your documents EVERY 2 YEARS Make sure you look over everything every couple of years and make changes whenever you see fit. Send a copy of your will to your executor This ensures there is no secondguessing that a will exists and that it doesn't get lost. Send

one to the person who will

assume responsibility for your affairs after you die, and keep another copy somewhere safe.

and help you make decisions to optimize your earnings. Consider consolidating your accounts It may be a good idea to move

> as much as you can into one account. Doing so helps clear up any confusion in the future

See a financial

This may be an estate planner or a financial planner. This person can help you review your accounts

professional

Estate planning is not just a tool for the wealthy

for you and for your heirs. Complete other financial documents You may need other legal and financial documents as you get older. Here are a few worth considering: Power of attorney (POA) A legal document that grants a designated person the authority to act on your behalf in legal, financial or

A legal document that outlines your wishes regarding medical treatment in situations where you are unable to communicate or make decisions for

yourself, typically in cases of terminal illness or permanent unconsciousness.

These documents provide direction for your funeral or what to do with other

healthcare matters.

Letters of instruction

assets like a digital wallet.

Living will

before and after

Estate planning is

also a great way for

you to lay out plans

for the care of your

minor children and

you die

Don't confuse It's a useful way for you to deal writing a will with estate planning with your assets and liabilities Writing a will is just

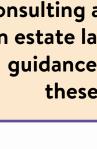
pets, and to outline a regular basis to your wishes for your ensure everything is funeral and favourite up to date. charities.

Don't put it off

You should start planning for your estate as soon as you have a measurable asset base. It's an ongoing process: as life progresses, your estate plan should shift to match your circumstances, in line with your new goals. And keep at it. Not doing your estate planning can create undue financial burdens for your loved ones.

SEEK PROFESSIONAL ADVICE Consulting an attorney experienced

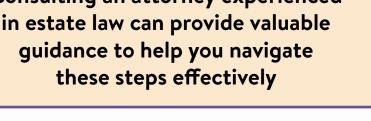
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Your will is a legal document that provides instructions the funds you leave behind.

one of the steps you'll need to take in

the estate planning

at it, make sure you

process. While you're

appoint a responsible

executor, and review

your accounts on

wealth